

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VII.]

MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1867.

[No. 1924.]

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,

AT THE VENDUE STAGE,

Corner of Prince and Water streets,
a variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limita-
tion and the prices of which are established,
at any time be viewed and purchased at the
lowest limitation and prices.

P. C. Marsteller, v. M.

148 hds. of MOLASSES,
5 puncheons RUM,
100 bbls. Shad and Herrings,

Just Received and for Sale by
Marsteller & Young.

May 25.

LEWIS LANNAY,

[Of the House of McCulloch and LANNAY's,
Baltimore] at his Store, King-street, be-
tween Royal and Pitt-streets.

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

An additional supply of Prints

From their manufactory, viz.

200 pieces 5-8 CALICOES,
400 do. 3-4 do.
100 do. 7-8 do.
100 do. 4-4 do.
400 Bed Covers, of different sizes.
150 dozen Pocket Handkerchiefs, do. do.

ALSO,

200 pieces Cambric Muslin, from 9-8

to 8-4.

300 do. Madras Handkerchiefs.

150 do. Rolls.

50 do. Irish Linen.

2 bales Emotions.

White and black (English) Silk Stock-

ings—

Which will be sold low for cash or accept-

ances in town.

May 21.

Freight Wanted,

For a new Schooner of 1000 barrels,
To any of the Windward Islands
or Lisbon.

She will be at Alexandria in five days—

Apply to

W. Yeaton,

Ramsay's wharf.

May 9.

SPANISH HIDES,

First quality Porto-Rico GREEN COT-
TON, and St. Croix SUGARS,

Just received, per schooner *James*, from St.

Thomas.

FOR SALE, BY

Richard Veitch & Co.

April 25.

Just received from Philadelphia,

By Captain Hand,

20 chests Young Hyson, and

9 boxes Hyson Sultan Tea, of a superior

quality, which will be sold low.

Likewise on Hand,

6 hds. good Sugar.

10 hds. Molasses, of a good quality,

and a constant supply of Flour suitable for

family use.

Joseph Dean.

March 27.

District of Columbia.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it
may concern, That the Consul General
of Portugal to the United States of America,
has authorized the subscriber, to legalize all
papers that may be necessary for vessels
bound from the ports of this district to any in
Portugal or Madeira.

Those masters of vessels who may omit
bringing their bills of health thus certified, will
be liable to undergo quarantine.

It is requisite that any article shipped for
account of a Portuguese subject, should be
declared, and sworn to, as Portuguese property,
and the bills of lading legalized as above.

Lewis Deblois.

May 16.

WANTED,

A MILLER who is master of
business, to take care of a merchant mill—
such a one good wages will be given—
for the person who wants, please apply to
Joseph Smith, Alexandria.

March 17.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold, at public auction, at the Coffee-
House, in Alexandria, at twelve o'clock, on
MONDAY, 2nd of June—

Three Lots of Ground, contain-
ing together about 20 acres, covered with a
small growth of wood, lying within about two
miles of the town, and adjoining a lot of John
Green's, near the Leesburg road. It will be
sold on a credit of six months, in such lots as
may suit those disposed to purchase. The
sale made under a deed of trust from John
Green to the subscribers for the benefit of his
creditors.

Cuthbert Powell, } Trustees.
George Slacum, }

May 20 [22] dlv Stawts

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust from *GRAN-
BEARD* to the subscriber, made for the pur-
pose of securing to Philip Darrell and El-
liott Muse, who became security for the
said Beard in a forth-coming bond, given
by him to John Janney, merchant, in Alex-
andria, will be exposed to sale, at Colonel
James Wren's tavern, on THURSDAY,
the 11th day of June next, for ready mo-
ney,

All the Property mentioned in
the said Deed, viz.

One Negro Woman, called Betty—Ben-
Maida, and Jess—one Waggon, one Cart,
and Farming Utensils—eleven head of horn-
ed Cattle, twelve head of Sheep, and five
Shoats.

Charles Little, Trustee.
May 9.

Corn, Wheat, &c. for Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust made to me by
Richard B. Lee, Esq. of Fairfax county,
to secure to Elliott, Campbell and Wheel-
er, the payment of a certain sum of money
therein mentioned, I will offer at public auc-
tion, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th of June
next, for ready cash, at the plantation of the
said R. B. Lee, on which he now lives, the
following

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

TO WIT:

All the Wheat of last crop which grew on
the said farm, supposed to be 2000 bushels.
All the Wheat of last crop which grew on
his Longly estate, near the falls of Potomac,
supposed 1500 bushels.

500 barrels Indian Corn, upon the said two

estates.

20 Horses and Mules, upon the two es-
tates, and 50 head of neat Cattle.

The sale will commence at ten o'clock in
the forenoon, and continue until all is sold,
or so much thereof as is sufficient to satisfy
the said claim.

Edmund I. Lee.

May 13.

Public Sale of Lands.

On Saturday the 27th day of June next, will be
sold at the Coffee House, in the town of Alex-
andria, at 12 o'clock, of that day—By virtue
of a decree of the Honorable the United States
Circuit Court, of the District of Columbia, for
the County of Alexandria, on 6 and 12 months
credit, the following tracts of land to wit:

One Tract or parcel of Land,
lying in the county of Fairfax, adjoining the
lands of the late Col. Charles Broadwater,
containing about 300 acres.

One other Tract of Land, in
the county of Montgomery, on the waters of
Piney River and Paint Creek, branches of the
Keopawha, granted by the commonwealth of
Virginia to Nicholas Hannah, containing 960
acres.—Also,

One other Tract of Land, in
the county of Hampshire, in the state of Vir-
ginia, formerly granted to Bryan Bruin, and
by him sold to John Pankake, containing 482
acres.—The above mentioned lands were, by
the last will and testament of Robert Alexan-
der, deceased, devised to his son Robert, and
are now sold to satisfy a debt due to George
Chapman, junior.

Thomas Swann, }
George Dencaie, }
Edmund I. Lee, }

May 26.

Printing, in its various branches

handsomely executed at this office.

Freight Wanted,

For Boston or any of the Northern Ports,

FOR THE
SLOOP WILLIAM,
WM. SPER, Master;
About 800 barrels burthen.
Apply to
Lewis Deblois.

May 7.

Freight Wanted

FOR THE
Sloop PATTY,
Captain WILLIAM BURNS; to
any eastern port; burthen about
eight hundred barrels.

PLASTER OF PARIS.

FOR SALE,

The cargo of said Sloop, being about 100
tons Plaster Paris. Apply to

John G. Ladd.

May 19.

Exuma Salt—afloat.

Just received, by WADSWORTH and BUT-
LER—per brig *Martha*,
3500 bushels coarse EXUMA SALT—
which they will sell low, from on board.
April 29.

JAMES SANDERSON

Offers for Sale, on moderate terms,

5000 lbs. best Green Coffee
10 tierces fresh Rice
20 kegs fresh Raisins
12 tierces green Copperas
5 pipes Cogniac Brandy
10 hds. 4th proof Jamaica
30 barrels N. E. Rum
25 barrels Whiskey
10 bales Cotton
5 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards
12 boxes Tin Plates.
AND IN STORE,
14 hds. south Potomac Tobacco.

May 25.

I have for Sale,

A few thousand White Oak Staves, twen-
ty barrels of southern Pork and one hundred
barrels Tar.

Mordecai Miller.

May 16.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
2 pipes L. P. Madeira WINE
2 half do. do.
6 pipes Cognac BRANDY, 4th proof.
Wadsworth & Butler,

WHO HAVE ON HAND,

20 hds. Jamaica RUM, 4th proof.
10 do. St. Croix do. 2d & 3d ds.
9 do. New-England do.
5 pipes Holland GIN
2 do. country do.
1 hhd. L. market Madeira Wine, of a supe-
rior quality
4 quarter casks do. }
3 do. do. L. P. Tenerife do. do. }
6000 bushels Lisbon SALT.

January 1.

FOR SALE,

BY LEWIS DEBLOIS,
An assortment of BROAD CLOTHS, from
eleven to eighteen shillings sterling cost—
part of them intitled to drawback.
Ravens-Duck.
French Brandy.
Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarter-
casks.
New-England Rum, in barrels.
Cod-Fish, and Stone Lime.

May 7.

Plaster Paris—afloat.

70 tons Plaster Paris, on board the *sch'r.*
Agness, at Lawraon and Fowle's wharf, and
for sale by

Lawraon and Fowle.

Said schooner will take a few hundred
barrels on freight for BOSTON, if immedi-
ate application is made.

May 19.

FOR SALE,

THAT BEAUTIFUL SEAT,
SITUATED on the banks of Great Hunt-
ing Creek, called *Rural Felicity*, for-
merly owned by Mr. John Duff. It is at pre-
sent rented for one year, for the sum of one
hundred and fifty dollars, reserving the right
possession at any time during the above
term, on giving one month's notice.—For
terms apply to

RICHARD LEWIS.

April 29.

Just Received,

From Philadelphia, Mr. Murray's fashionable
Kid and Morocco Shippers.
Charles Pascoe.
May 26. d3t-2aw1m

NOW RECEIVED,

12 tierces RICE,
AND ON HAND,
A few bales COTTON,
For Sale by

E. GILMAN.

May 29. e3t

FISH FOR SALE.

I have about 600 barrels of well cured Her-
rings for sale.

James Douglass.

May 29. e3t

FOR SALE,

Two NEAT GIGS.
Apply to
Mial Dorsey,
Alexandria.

May 26. 4aw2w

Joseph Janney

HAS JUST RECEIVED

His SPRING GOODS, in a considerable
quantity and a good assortment, which are of-
fered for sale.

He has removed his Store to King-
street, opposite to Paton and Butchers.
5 mo. 12. d3tco

James R. Riddle.

Has received a large and general assortment of
SPRING GOODS,
Which he offers for sale very low, by the
piece or smaller quantity.

May 18. e3t 2aw2w

Landing, at Merchants' Wharf,

From on board the ship *John Andrew*, the ba-
lance of her cargo of SALT—

Consisting of

About 3000 bushels Ground Allum; and 200

sacks stoved.

ALSO,

30 crates Queens and blue edged Ware,

For Sale by

William Hodgson.

May 18.

For CHARTER,

THE SHIP

JOHN ANDREW,

Capt. Moore

Burthen about 2200 barrels, nearly new.

For terms apply to

WM. HODGSON.

May 14.

I have just Received,

AND OFFER FOR SALE,

34 boxes, 2 PRUNES,
16 half do. } fresh and in good order.
William Hodgson.

May 14.

10 bales Beerboom Gurrals,

For Sale by

Joseph Riddle.

March 2. d3tawtf

JUST RECEIVED,

Dr. Rees's CYCLOPAEDIA.
Vol. 3d. Part 1st and 2d.

AND

Vol. 4th. Part 1st.

Subscribers are requested to send for their
copies, which must be paid for on delivery.

Robert Gray.

May 27.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Philip Wan-
son to the subscriber, for the purpose of se-
curing the payment of certain sums therein
mentioned, will be exposed to public sale,
on the premises, at 11 o'clock, in the fore-
noon, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of
June next, on a credit of six months—

Six LOTS handfomely situated,
contiguous to the town of Alexandria, con-
taining between 5 and 6 acres, each being a
part of the tract lately known by the name of
Stamps Hill, and in the sub-division thereof,
as laid off by Col. Giffin—distinguished by
the numbers 13, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25.

To accommodate purchasers, these Lots
will be set up separately—and for the consti-
tution money notes with approved indorse-
ments, will be required.

JOHN M'IVER.

May 29. 3awds

Alexandria Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Articles.	Per.	Price	D. C.
		Dolls. Cts.	
Bread, Ship	100lb.	3 33	
Navy		4 25	
Pilot		5 50	
Crackers		6 00	
Beef cargo No. 1.	bbl.	14	
Bacon	lb.	11	
Butter for export		18	20
Coffee, West India		29	31
Cotton		24	plenty
Chocolate		22	23
Candles Mould		20	21
Dipt		19	20
Spermaceti		50	53
Cheese, American		13	16
English		none	
Duck, Best Russia	bolts.	30	22
Fish, Salmon	bbl.	none	
Herrings		4	4 25
Mackrel		none	
Shad		7 50	8
Flax Seed		7 5	1 00
Flour Superfine		5 75	
Fine		5 25	
Midlings		4 75	
Grain, Indian Corn	bush.	75	80
Wheat		1 17	1 20
Rye		75	
Barley		1	
Oats		50	
Hides, Spanish	lb.	10	11
Hemp	wt.	9	11
Hogslard	lb.	12 1/2	
Iron	ton	125 130	
Leather, Sole	lb.	22	
Lime	bbl.	5	
Limes		none	
Lemons		none	
Lumber	100ft.		
Oak timber and scantling		5	7
Pine scantling		2	5
Boards 4-4		1 70	
5-4		2 10	
White do. common 4-4		1 50	
do. clear 4-4		2 20	
hingles, Junp. 24 in. M.		4 80	
Common		3 50	
Cypress 24		3	
Do. 18		2	
Staves hhd.		28	
bbl.		20	
bbl. Red Oak		10	
hhd. do.		9	
Meal	bus.	1 08	
Molasses	gal.	38	42
Nankeens	piece	84	
Pork prime	bbl.	16	18
Cargo		15	15
Southern 2d qual.		15	16
Plaster Paris c. pr. ton		7 50	
Do. retail		10	
Pimento		25	
Porter, American doz.		1 25	
London		none	
Rice	100lbs.	4 50	
Soap, Amer. white	lb. dull	10	11
Do. brown		9	
Castile		15	17
Salt-Petre, refined		31	
Not refined		14	
Spirits	gall.		
Brandy 4th proof		1 5	1 15
Rum Jam. 4th do		93	95
Antigua 2d		75	83
American		48	50
Whiskey		48	50
Sugar H. white	100lb	13	
Do. brown		11	
Candy white		13	
Do. brown		11	
Muscovado 1st qual.		11 50	
Do. 2d do.		10 50	plenty
Do. 3d do.		10	
Loaf	lb.	19	22
Salt St. Ubes	bus.	70	
Lisbon		80	
Cadiz		80	plenty.
Liverpool blown		50	
Do. coarse		60	
Turk Island		90	
Isle of May		70	75
Liverpool fine sack		13	
Shot all sizes	cwt.	15 50	14
Sheetings, Russia piece		22	
Steel blistered	cwt.	8 33	
Crowley		17	13
TOBACCO, Alex. Ins.		6	
Tobacco Md.	100lbs		
Up. Patuxent 1st qual.		6 56	
Do. 2d		15 50	6 52
Virginia		4	4 50
Lower do.		3 50	3 75
Rappahanock		4 50	
Teas, Y. Hyson lb.		1	
Imperial		1 40	
Tallow, Amer.		16	scarce
Wax Bees		37 1/2	
Wines, Madeira pipe		360	500
Lisbon	gal.	1 20	1 25
Sherry		1 15	1 25
Teneriffe		80	1 20
Claret	doz.	3	12
Malaga	gal.	95	1
Port		1 50	scarce.
Tin, in boxes		19	20
PRICE OF STOCKS.			
Alexandria Bank,		202	
Potomac do		100	
Exchange on London, pay			

FROM THE VIRGINIA ARGUS.

TRIAL

OF

COL. AARON BURR.

Saturday, May 25th, 1807.

Present the same judges as on yesterday.

The following witnesses appeared in behalf of the United States, and were bound in a recognizance of one thousand dollars each, for their attendance on the court.

John G. Henderson, Alexander Henderson, Eric Bollman, Samuel Swartwout, Robert Spence, William Eaton, John Morgan, George Morgan and Thomas Morgan.

The names of the following persons, summoned as witnesses on the part of the United States, were called, but they did not appear.

Ambrose Smith, Hugh Phelps, James Read, William Duane, Leonore Dovaice, Thomas Peterkin, Elias Glover, Samuel Fairbank, James Lowry Donaldson, William Wilson, and William C. Meade.

The counsel for col. Burr observed, that, if it was the pleasure of the court, the discussion intended for this day on the propriety of giving special instructions to the grand jury, would take place on Monday.

This proposition was assented to.

The grand jury appearing pursuant to adjournment, the chief justice informed them that the absence of a witness deemed important by the counsel for the U. S. and the uncertainty of his arrival at any particular period, made it necessary that they should be adjourned. They were accordingly adjourned till Monday.

Some conversation ensued between the court and bar with respect to the propriety of adjourning the grand jury to some distant day in the term.

The chief justice stated it as his opinion that as there was no necessity for calling over the names of the grand jury every day, they might be considered in contemplation of law still in their chambers till they were called into court; and that it might be understood that they would not be called till some particular day. This, he said, was the practice in some of the states, nor did he know any sound objection to it. But, unless it was considered by counsel on both sides that this course was free from all exception, he should be unwilling on any account, to adopt it.

The counsel for col. Burr stated that they knew no objection to the measure, but were unwilling to express any decided opinion, especially as col. Burr was not then in court.

The chief justice said that he felt much inclined to accommodate the grand jury, but until farther consideration of the subject, they would stand adjourned till Monday next.

Monday, May 25th, 1807.

Present the same judges as on Saturday.

The grand jury appeared in court; and on its being stated by the foreman that they had been two days confined to their chambers and had no presentment to make, or bills before them; Mr. Hay observed that he had two bills prepared, but wished to suspend the delivery of them till the witnesses were called, and it was ascertained that all the evidence relied upon by the counsel for the prosecution, could be had. He thought it probable, that, in the course of a week, he should hear of gen. Wilkinson, who was still absent, and whose testimony was deemed very important.

A further conversation took place as to the propriety of adjourning the grand jury to a distant day of the term; and Monday next was mentioned as the time when they would probably be required to attend.

The chief justice observed that from the researches which he had been enabled to make, he was still inclined to favor the opinion which he had expressed on Saturday, that there was no necessity for calling the grand jury every day. This opinion was the result of his reflections upon principle, not from any positive authority on the subject.

Mr. Wickham having stated that as a number of witnesses were attending at a considerable distance on the part of col. Burr, it might be important to know when the grand jury would be again called; Mr. Hay observed that a motion might be made which would render their presence necessary even on that day.

Mr. Wickham then requested that before any order should be taken in relation to the adjournment of the grand jury, the counsel for the U. S. might state the nature and object of his motion.

Mr. Hay. The object of my motion is to commit Mr. Burr, on a charge of high treason against the U. S. On his examination, there was no evidence of an overt act, and he was committed for a misdemeanor only. The evidence is different now.

Mr. Wickham hoped that the application might be made, and counsel heard.

Mr. Hay. Gentlemen may be assured that they will be apprised of the application, but is it their wish that the application should be made, and the subject discussed in the presence of the grand jury?

Colonel Burr. The gentleman has mistaken the object of my counsel, as far as it is comprehended in my motion. The design was not that the grand jury might hear, but that the impropriety of mentioning the subject in the presence of the grand jury might be made more manifest. I think it may be demonstrated that while there is a grand jury attending before whom a question may be determined, there is an obvious impropriety in submitting it to any other tribunal for any other purpose.

The grand jury were requested to withdraw.

Mr. Hay renewed his application, stating more at large the grounds on which it was made. The discussion of this question took up the time of the court till nearly 5 o'clock, when it adjourned without coming to any decision.

During the discussion the grand jury requested to be brought into court, and if it should be deemed improper for them to hear any arguments which might be addressed to the court, they wished them to be suspended while they were present.

They were accordingly brought into court, and a wish being expressed that they would not listen to the discussion of the subject then before the court, they were adjourned until the next day, at twelve o'clock.

Tuesday, May 26th, 1807.

Present the same judges as on yesterday.

The grand jury were called, and adjourned over till the next day.

On the motion made yesterday to commit col. Burr on the charge of treason, the Chief Justice delivered the opinion of the court as follows:

IN considering the question which was argued yesterday, it appears to be necessary to decide—

1st. Whether the court sitting as a court possesses the power to commit any person charged with an offence against the United States.

2d. If this power be possessed, whether circumstances exist in this case which ought to restrain its exercise.

The first point was not made in the argument, and would, if decided against the attorney for the U. S. only change the mode of proceeding. If a doubt can exist respecting it, that doubt arises from the omission in the laws of the U. S. to invest their courts, sitting as courts, with the power in question. It is expressly given to every justice and judge, but not to a court.

This objection was not made on the part of colonel Burr, and is now mentioned, not because it is believed to present any intrinsic difficulty, but to show that it has been considered.

This power is necessarily exercised by courts in discharge of their functions, and seems not to have been expressly given, because it is implied in the duties which a court must perform, and the judicial act contemplates it in this light. They have cognizance of all crimes against the U. S. they are composed of the persons who can commit for those crimes; and it is obviously understood, by the legislature, that the judges may exercise collectively, the power which they possess individually, so far as is necessary to enable them to retain a person charged with an offence in order to receive the judgment which may finally be rendered in his case. The court say this is obviously understood by the legislature, because there is no clause expressly giving to the court the power to bail or to commit a person, who appears in discharge of his recognizance, and against whom the attorney for the U. S. does not choose to proceed, and yet the thirty-third section of the judicial act, evinces a clear understanding in the legislature that the power to take bail is in possession of the court.

If a person shall appear, in conformity with his recognizance, and the court passes away without taking any order respecting him, he is discharged. A new recognizance, therefore, or a commitment on the failure to enter into one, is in the nature of an original commitment, and this power has been uniformly exercised.

It is believed to be a correct position, that the power to commit for offences of which it has cognizance, is exercised by every court of criminal jurisdiction, and that courts as well as individual magistrates are conservators of the peace.

Were it otherwise the consequence would only be that it would become the duty of the judge to descend from the bench, and in his character as an individual magistrate, to do that which the court is asked to do.

If the court possesses the power, it is certainly its duty to hear the motion which has been made on the part of the U. S. for in cases of the character of that under consideration, its duty and its power are coextensive with each other. It was observed when the motion was made, and the observation may now be repeated, that the arguments urged on the part of the accused rather prove the motion on the part of the U. S. unnecessary, or that inconveniences may result from it, than the want of a legal right to make it.

The first is, that the grand jury being now in session ready to receive an indictment, the attorney for the U. S. ought to proceed by bill instead of applying to the court, since the only purpose of a commitment is to bring the accused before a grand jury. This statement contains an intrinsic error which destroys its operation. The commitment is not made for the sole purpose of bringing the accused before a grand jury; it is made for the purpose of subjecting him personally to the judgment of the law, and the grand jury is only the first step towards that judgment.

If, as has been argued, the commitment was simply to detain the person until a grand jury could be obtained; then its operation would cease on the assembling of a grand jury; but such is not the fact. The order of commitment retains its force while the jury is in session, and if the prosecutor does not proceed, the court is accustomed to retain a prisoner in confinement, or to renew his recognizance to a subsequent term.

The arguments drawn from the general policy of our laws, from the attention which should be bestowed on prosecutions, instituted by special order of the executive, from the peculiar inconveniences and hardships of this particular case, from improper effects which inevitably result from this examination, are some of them subjects for the consideration of those who make the motion, rather than of the court, and others go to the circumspection with which the testimony in support of the motion ought to be weighed, rather than to the duty of hearing it.

It has been said that col. Burr already stands charged with treason, and that, therefore, a motion to commit him for the same offence is improper. But the fact is not so understood by the court. The application to charge him with treason was rejected by the judge to whom it was made, because the testimony offered in support of the charge did not furnish probable cause for the opinion, that the crime had been committed. After this rejection, col. Burr stood as far as respected his legal liability to have the charge repeated, in precisely the same situation as if it had never been made. He appears in court now as if the crime of treason had never before been alleged against him. That it has been alleged, that the government had had time to collect testimony for the establishment of the fact, that an immense crowd of witnesses are attending for the purpose, that the prosecutor in his own judgment has testimony to support the indictment, are circumstances which may have their influence on the motion for a commitment, or on a continuance, but which cannot deprive the attorney for the U. S. of the right to make his motion. If he was about to send up a bill to the grand jury, he might move that the person designed to accuse should be ordered into custody and it would be in the discretion of the court to grant or to reject the motion.

The court perceives and regrets that the result of this motion, may be publications unfavorable to the justice, and to the right decision of the case; but if this consequence is to be prevented, it must be by other means than by refusing to hear the motion. No man feeling a correct sense of the importance which ought to be attached by all to a fair and impartial administration of justice, especially in criminal prosecutions, can view without extreme solicitude any attempt which may be made to prejudice the public judgment, and to try any person, not by the laws of his country and the testimony exhibited against him—but by public feelings, which may be and often are artificially excited against the innocent, as well as the guilty. But the remedy for a practice not less dangerous than it is criminal, is not to be obtained by suppressing motions, which either party may have a legal right to make.

If it is the choice of the prosecutor on the part of the U. S. to proceed with this motion, it is the opinion of the court, that he may open his testimony.

Mr. Hay then rose and declared that he was fully sensible of the inconveniences, which might result from a public examination of the witnesses at this stage of the prosecution; that nothing but the necessity of taking this step, to secure the appearance of col. Burr to answer the charge, had induced him to make the motion for com-

consequence would come the duty of the bench, and in his judicial magistracy, to do what he could.

the power, it is certain the motion which has been made by the U. S. for in cases under consideration, its extensive with each other the motion was urged on the part of the motion on the part, or that inconvenience, than the want of a grand jury being now an indictment, the right to proceed by bill of indictment, since the only way is to bring the action. This statement, which destroys its intent is not made for the accused before the purpose of the judgment of the jury is only the first.

the commitment was until a grand jury in its operation would of a grand jury; but the order of commitment the jury is in case, or does not proceed, or retain a prisoner in his recognizance to from the general police attention which prosecutions, instituted executive, from the hardships of this proper effects which examination, are the consideration of, rather than of the circumsppection with support of the motion er than to the duty

col. Burr already reason, and that, commit him for the r. But the fact is court. The ap. with treason was to whom it was testimony offered in did not furnish proo, that the crime after this rejection, respected his legal charge repeated, in ation as if it had appears in court treason had never against him. That it the government testimony for the r, that an immense attending for the scutor in his own to support the in. paces which may the motion for a continuance, but ne attorney for the ke his motion. If a bill to the grand at the person de- id be ordered into in the discretion of eect the motion. and regrets that the ay be publications e, and to the right but if this cons- ed, it must be t- using to hear the- ing a correct sense h ought to be at- and impartial ad- view without ex- tempt which may e public judgment, not by the laws of aimony exhibited lie feelings, which artificially excited well as the gilly- practice not less nial, is not to be g motions, which a legal right to the prosecutor on- pceeded with this of the court, that ny.

d declared that he e inconveniences a public examina- at this stage of the g but the necessity care the appar- ver the charge, had motion for co-

ment. He was willing therefore, if any arrangement could be made to attain the same end, and to obviate the inconveniences mentioned by the court, that such arrangement should be made. He observed that he understood from the counsel on the other side that they were disposed to confer with him and the gentlemen who assisted him on the subject of adopting some such arrangement. He proposed therefore, with the permission of the court, to retire for a short time for the purpose of holding the conference proposed.

The court having consented, the counsel on both sides retired together; and returning, after an absence of a few minutes, informed the court that they had not been able to come to an agreement, and wished further time to consider the course which it might be most advisable to pursue; to which the court assented.

The case of col. Burr was, therefore, without any further proceedings at present, adjourned till the next day.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.

The ship Eleanor, captain Parker, arrived this morning, in 10 days from Havana, informing that two days after sailing, they were boarded by a New Providence privateer, called the George and Susan, captain Bennet. Major Bennet boarded the ship, broke open every chest on board, plundered all the passengers of their money, took out all the crew, and put a prize master and ten men on board, ran the vessel out of her course 24 hours, and otherwise abused them: finding that they could not make her a prize, her papers being all regular, as the piratical Bennet acknowledged himself, he was "graciously pleased" to return the crew, and let them proceed!

NORFOLK, May 27.

By the ship Sheffield, captain Davis, arrived in Hampton Roads from Liverpool bound to city Point we have received files of London papers to the 12th of April.

These papers do not contain any accounts of a grand battle, that was expected had been fought about the last of March, and which perhaps was avoided by the French having retreated across the Fistsula, as will be seen by this days paper. From the 7th to the 11th of April various rumors had been circulated in London, that a great battle had been fought, and that it had terminated in favor of the French, which, as the accounts were from Holland and France, was natural, but a Prussian officer arrived on the 12th, as will be noticed in this paper, who brought accounts that no battle of any consequence had been fought, and that the French had retreated. We remark in the extracts made in the English papers, from the continental Journals a considerable buzz of peace, and repeated in so many shapes, that we incline to think whatever may be the result, that negotiations are on foot. These negotiations are opposed in England, from whence a large military expedition is preparing for the continent; but expeditions from England to the continent have so often ended in failure, that we do not calculate much from that now proposed, though there was certainly never a more favorable moment, as France is evidently more embarrassed than at any former period.

In England the new administration have not only stood their ground, but in a most animated and lengthy debate in the house of commons, on the 9th of April, which we shall notice hereafter, gained a complete victory over the late administration and their friends, by a majority of 32, present 484 members. The question which occasioned this warm debate, and trial of strength, was on the following motion from a friend of the late administration.

"Resolved that it is subversive of the principles of the constitution for his majesty's ministers to restrain themselves by any pledge to withhold at any time from his majesty any advice which they should in their consciences believe to be conducive to the security of his realms, the honor of his crown, and the well being of his subjects." From the resolution itself, but which debate fully explains, it would appear that the present administration have pledged themselves not to advise the king upon some certain measures, particularly the catholic question. To get rid of the resolution, and at the same time to try their strength, the ministerials moved for the order of the day on which the house divided.

For the resolution in favor of the order of the day. 238

For the original resolution 226

Majority 32

A trial of strength would be made in the house of Lords a few days afterwards the result of which will prove whether the

present administration can maintain themselves with the present parliament or not.

No account had reached England of the reception of the treaty in this country, which is in England thought to be so favorable to the United States, that not a doubt is entertained of its ratification.

Mr. Monroe we are assured from a source which we can rely on, will leave London for the United States in all April, or sooner as he can find a suitable vessel for himself and his family.

In Hampton Roads bound to city Point, Sheffield, Davis, forty days from Liverpool. Sailed the 15th of April in company with the Sally Hincley, of Boston bound to Philadelphia, and Fair American of New Bedford bound to N. Y. Spoke at New Boyne, going in the ship Averick, of New Bedford from Charleston; ship Governor Strong, Bryant, 49 days from New Orleans; ship Brutus of Newbury port, 29 days from Charleston, and ship Union of and from Philadelphia. April 19, long, 12, spoke ship Sally, Fosdick, of N. York, 32 days from New Orleans, bound to Liverpool. May 1, long 47, 40, ship Hercules, Hewit, of Duxbury, from Baltimore bound to Liverpool. May 6 long, 46, 10, brig Nancy, Coles of Boston from New York, bound to Bordeaux, out 14 days—May 25, spoke ship Severn from Baltimore out 18 hours bound to Buenos Ayres.

At Falmouth the 3d of April, the ship Virginia, from Batavia and New York bound to Amsterdam, detained by the Scorpion; Commerce, Crowhill, from Virginia with flour, in 64 days passage; Eliza, from Lisbon bound to Cherbourg.

American vessels carried into Algeiras between the 1st of Feb. and 9th of March. Brig Rebecca from Alexandria; Nancy, from Savanna for Gibraltar; Flora, Anderson, from Baltimore for Leghorn.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, JUNE 1.

LITERARY INTELLIGENCE.

Dr. Akin observes in his Athaum, No. 2, that Mr. Janson who has lately returned from America, has brought with him many interesting materials towards furnishing a complete Summary of the state of society and manners in that country; which will speedily appear in one quarto volume accompanied with a number of engravings.

Mr. Janson at first proposed to publish his work in a periodical form, but has now determined to publish it in one volume which he calls, "The Stranger in America."

Mr. J. in a letter to a gentleman of Philadelphia, says, there is much said in his work of Philadelphia, and many public characters in the United States are introduced, and that he does not expect it will be reprinted in the United States, because he has mentioned truth* which should not at all times be told—From this we may conclude he intends to make it a good British book.

* Probably untruth which should at no time be told.

A letter from Fort Stoddert, of April 14, says, "The Spaniards at Mobile have assumed a degree of insolence altogether intolerable. In open opposition to the assurances which we last fall received from general Howard of Pensacola, of the free passage of our vessels and effects by Mobile, they put our people to the trouble, risk and expense of unloading every article of their cargoes, and made them pay a toll of 12 per cent thereon. The schooner Victory, of New York left this port a few days ago, with a cargo of cotton, for New Orleans, the duties on which at Mobile, amounted to 1,140 dollars. The sloop Castor, laden with stores for the troops at this place, and goods for the Choctaw factory has been detained since the middle of last month, under the pretext that some of his papers are wanting to enable them to lay the duties."

By the Swedish schooner Ana, arrived at Wilmington in 11 days from Pau-Prince, we learn that Petion had declared all the ports under the authority of Christophe, in a state of blockade! Petion had strongly fortified Port au Prince. Markets were overstocked with English goods.

Mr. Samuel Nightingale, jun. supercargo of the ship Nancy, arrived at Providence, from Alicante and Gibraltar gives the following information: "Previous to leaving Alicante, the governor had declared that all neutral ves-

sels from an English port with a cargo should be seized, and if arriving without a cargo, they should be turned out of the port. He had ordered the captain of a Danish ship to leave the harbor, but he refused, alledging that his ship was too leaky. Mr. Montgomery, the American consul, had protested against the measure, as contrary to the treaty between the United States and Spain. The Spanish government had ordered a new tonnage duty on foreign vessels, which was to take place in a few days. The duty was to be the same on each foreign vessel, as the ships of Spain pay on entering the ports from which such vessels came, and this duty to increase or diminish with that of other nations. Bonaparte has ordered a large number of troops from Spain, and 500 men, drawn from among the inhabitants of Alicante, had left that place to join his armies. It was reported that the French had sent 60,000 troops to the assistance of the Turks, and that they had got as far as Dalmatia. Left at Alicante, a number of American vessels, names unknown.

Left at Gibraltar, ship Minerva, Barnes, of Baltimore; schooner Experiment, Clarke, detained by the brig Redwing; schooner Maryland, Merry, of Baltimore, bound up the Straits; United States schooner Enterprise, from Tunis and Algiers, with a Tunisian ambassador on board, going to Spain. The dey of Algiers had declared war against Tunis, and blockaded the port with a large squadron. The Barbary powers were said to be very well disposed towards the United States. The Nancy sailed in company with the ship Resolution, Bell, of Portsmouth, and Indian Chief, of New York, bound to Tonningen; ship Freedom, Buff, of Salem; ship Alonzo, Tabor, of New Bedford; and Grand Turk, Staples, of Providence; under convoy of his Britannic majesty's brig Grass-hopper, the commander of her having very politely offered to protect her through the Straits—Bonaparte's decree declaring the ports of Great-Britain in a state of blockade, was published at Algiers the 16th March, and had rendered the pirates fitted from that place and Tarisa more daring and insolent than ever; seldom meeting with a defenceless neutral, but they plunder him of something if they did not send him in—An English squadron of 8 sail of the line had passed Constantinople, to join the Russians in the Black Sea. They were fired upon by the Turks, but did not return the fire. The British ship Ajax, of 84 guns, had been burnt in the Levant, and 250 of her crew lost their lives. It was thought the accident was occasioned by lightning."

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale,

10 pipes fourth proof Cogniac Brandy.

William Hodgson.

June 1.

FOR SALE,

By the Subscriber,

60,000 twenty-two inch shingles
10 tierces fresh rice
50 barrels tar, and 20 pork.

M. Miller.

June 1.

JUST RECEIVED,

30 chests, boxes and canisters of fresh TEAS, carefully selected,
20 hds. Muscovado, SUGARS,
10 hds. MOLASSES,
With a general assortment of GROCERIES, as usual.

For Sale by

Roberts & Griffith.

June 1

taw3w

For Sale by the Subscribers,
Lisbon Carpeting for summer, of different qualities.

Bucellos and Carcayello Wines in quarter casks,
Window Glass of different sizes,
Mould Candles of a superior quality in small boxes,
Soft shelled Almonds in bags,
A quantity of patent Iron hollow ware.

R. T. Hooc & Co.

June 1.

co

20 Dollars Reward.

ELOPED from the subscriber living near Richmond Court-House, Virginia, on the last of April, a lad by the name of

GEORGE;

He is short, of a dark complexion, and about 18 years of age, had his right thigh broken by a fall from a horse at Hanover court house, when living with John Tayloe, esq. Mount Airy; it has occasioned a small lameness. He took with him, a variety of clothes, particularly a pair of buckskin pantaloons, almost new. The above reward will be given, for apprehending and confining him in any jail in the state. Should he be apprehended out of the state, an additional reward will be given by

Landon Carter.

Richmond County, (Va.)

May 23. (J. 1.)

co2w

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOKSELLER, KING-STREET,

Has just received a few copies of

BOWDITCH'S NAVIGATION,

Second edition, with many improvements, price 3 dollars 50 cents.

And expects to receive in a few days,

MACKAY'S NAVIGATION, with additions and corrections, by Mr. Delamar, of Philadelphia, price 3 dollars 50 cents.

Lately received,

Memoirs of Marmontel, Chemical Catechism, Geographical Compilation, and Carr's Stranger in Ireland.

June 1

co3w

PROPOSALS

Are issued in Boston, for publishing by subscription,

ARROWSMITH'S,

MAP OF THE WORLD;

The size of which, will be six feet eleven inches, by four feet ten inches, handsomely engraved and printed on fine thick paper—Price to subscribers, from nine to fourteen dollars, according to the mounting, coloring, varnishing, &c. &c.

* Subscriptions received by R. Gray, Alexandria.

June 1.

FOR SALE,

A Negro Woman with a Child

about a year old. She is honest and sober, and understands House-work, washing, ironing and cooking well, and is a good spinner.

Apply to the Printer.

Wanted to Hire or Purchase,

A truly Negro Man;

To attend a Warehouse. Apply as above.

June 1.

3t

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the subscriber has obtained letters of administration from the orphan's court for the county of Alexandria, in the district of Columbia, on the personal estate of Hugh West, deceased, late of the said county—this is to request all persons who have claims against the said estate to exhibit the same, legally proven, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of December next, and all who are indebted are required to make immediate payment.

Ann West, Adm'r.

June 1

2aw4w

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Brentown, Fauquier county, Virginia, on the 26th May,

A MULATTO FELLOW named Jesse, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 21 or 22 years of age, has been raised a house servant, but has worked in the field for the last three years, he took with him two large coats, country cloth under jacket and pantaloons, a new wool hat, and one pair of laced half-boots, he is a very dressy fellow, and may change his clothing. I will give the above reward, with all reasonable charges, to any person who will bring him home, or lodge him in any jail so that I get him again.

George Sweeney.

Brentown, Fauquier county,

May 8th,

1aw5w

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from Freestone Point, near Dumfries, on Sunday the 17th of last month, two Negro Men slaves named ANDREW and JAMES, the property of Sarah Foushee, in Prince William County, and hired of her until the end of the year. They had each of them a pass for three days, it being Whit Sunday holiday. ANDREW is about 21 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, a black complexion, has a scar near the corner of one of his eyes, is a little and has forward, impudent countenance. JAMES is about 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, a black complexion, has a scar near his mouth of the size of a pea, reels and swaggers very much in his walk. Each of them had on when he went away a shirt and trousers of plain coarse Virginia cotton, and their other clothing is not known. A reward of Ten Dollars will be given for each of them, to any person who will apprehend them and deliver them to the subscriber, or to Sarah Foushee, living near Dumfries.

Charles Lee.

P. S. All persons are forbid from harboring them, and from conveying them away, either by land or by water.

June 1

co2w

WILL BE SOLD OR LEASED, ON GROUND RENT,

For a term of Years, or for ever,

A NUMBER OF VALUABLE AND ELIGIBLY SITUATED BUILDING LOTS, in this Town—on Fairfax, Cameron, Water, Union and Princess streets. They will be laid off to accommodate purchasers. Application may be made to William Herbert, Esq. or to the subscriber near Patuxent Iron-works, Prince George's County, Maryland.

John C. Herbert

February 12.

2aw

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of KING and FAIRFAX STREETS,
ALEXANDRIA.
HAS FOR SALE,
An assortment of WINES, LI-
QUORS, GROCERIES, &c.
Consisting of

MADEIRA
Port
Sherry
Lisbon
Malaga
Teneriffe &
Corsica

WINES.

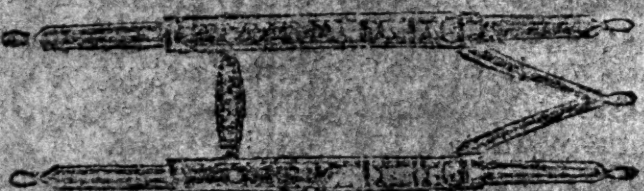
Old St. Estephe Medoc claret, in cases of one dozen

A few dozen fine old frontinac
Ditto do. best wine bitters
Jamaica and West-India rum
New-England do.
Cognac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy
Holland and country gin
Schiedam gin in cases
Irish whiskey, very old
70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey
Cider in barrels
White wine and Cider vinegar
Florence oil in flasks
2 hogsheads Havanna honey
15 do. choice retailing molasses

TEAS

of good quality.

Gunpowder
Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson
Hyson-Skin and
Souchong
Muscovado sugars, different qualities
Bengal white do.
Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Bal-
amore and Alexandria.
Loiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff,
in bottles and bladders.
Macuba and rapee do.
Clover-seed, (Penn. warranted)
Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimen-
to; pepper; ginger, rice and ground; Cay-
enne pepper; refined salt-petre.
Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley;
London and Philadelphia mustard; basket
salt; starch; fig blue; floutant indigo; Geo-
gia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; mad-
der; copperas; alum; brimstone; chalk;
pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine;
traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns
in cases; patent shot; brandy wine; gunpow-
der; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real Bri-
tish battle powder] from F to treble sealed;
chewing tobacco; best Havanna segars.
Muscadel and bloom raisins in boxes.
Sun raisins in casks.
Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled al-
monds.
A few boxes excellent pickles, each one
dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and
anchovies, for sale by the box.
A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable
for the fishery, &c. &c.
March 19.



Patent Elastic Suspenders,

To be had, wholesale and retail, of the Pa-
tented, next door below Mr. Alexander
McKenzie's, lower end of Prince-street, A-
lexandria.

THEY surpass any yet extant, for
ease, elegance, &c. Masters of vessels and
other gentlemen going to the West-Indies,
Spanish Main, &c. may be furnished with an
assortment, and a great allowance to those
who purchase by the quantity.

N. B. The buttons on the back parts of the
waistband ought to be placed the same distance
from each other, as the two center buttons on
the Suspenders, to prevent improper strain-
ing, and thereby destroying the ease designed
in the construction of the article.

Richard Horwell.

ALSO,

Received per ship Leonidas from Liverpool,
Red, Green, Blue and Yellow
Morocco Leather,
Good quality for saddlers, shoe-makers, book-
binders, hatters, &c.

LIKEWISE,

Saddlers' Seating Leather, and a few dozen
Morocco suitable for the West-Indies.
May 2.

LUMBER YARD.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his
friends and the public in general, that
he has established a LUMBER YARD, ad-
joining Colonel Ramsay's wharf, where he
intends keeping a constant supply of the best
materials in that line, and will sell low for
cash or on a short credit.

James McGuire.

May 6.
N. B. He continues the House-Joiners'
business, and from his knowledge in that line,
will pay particular attention to any orders for
lumber that he may receive.

A Brewery Establishment FOR SALE.

WISHING to quit the brewing business,
I offer for sale all my right and inter-
est in that extensive BREWERY which
I now occupy. There is an established busi-
ness, 1500 barrels having been sold in one
season, 2000 might be made—all the work-
ing utensils complete, with malt house, kiln,
mill, casks, and 300 bushels of malt.—Also
a line of wharf extending along the Potomac
150 feet, very suitable for a lumber yard, or
to receive flour by water—this may be treated
for separately.

These premises are held by lease from the
Corporation, who are to pay for all improve-
ments of stone and brick, at the end of the
lease, of which there are ten years unexpired
from the 7th September next. One third of
the purchase money will be required—for the
remainder a liberal credit will be given on
sufficient security. For further particulars
apply to

Thomas Cruise.

May 27.

R. GRAY

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

A few copies of Memoirs of the Life of
Marmontel, in two volumes, 12 mo. Price
two dollars bound and lettered.
Geographical Compilations, two volumes.
Price two dollars fifty cents.
Tucker's Universal History for schools.

R. GRAY has on hand,

A good stock of Writing and Wrapping
Paper, Bonnet Boards, Spelling-Books, Bi-
bles, Testaments, Slates and Slate Pencils,
Playing and Blank Cards, Ink-Powder, &c.
&c. which he will sell low for cash.
May 15.

NOTICE.

ALL those who have any claims or de-
mands against the estate of John Dun-
laph, merchant, late of the town of Alexandria,
are hereby informed, to bring in their ac-
counts, legally proved, before the first day of
November next, at which time a full and final
settlement and distribution of his estate, will
be made. Should any accounts be exhibited
after that period, they will be disregarded,
and this Notice pleaded in bar of them. Those
that are indebted to the estate, will be pleased
to make immediate payment.

Samuel Craig,

William Herbert, } Exrs

April 8.

Staw

IN THE CASE OF DAVID WILSON SCOTT.

THE Subscriber having been appointed
trustee of the estate and effects, rights
and credits, of the said David Wilson Scott,
for the benefit of his creditors, in conformity
with the provisions of the insolvent law for the
district of Columbia, hereby requires all per-
sons ANY WISE indebted or who may have
property in their possession, belonging to the
said David Wilson Scott, to make payment,
and to deliver such property to the subscriber,
or to such person or persons only as may be
duly authorised by him to receive the same.

Cleon Moore, Trustee.

May 13.

Staw

Suwarrow Boots.

JOHN G. FRANCIS,

From New-York,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public.
That he manufactures Suwarrow Boots
with all the modern improvements, warranted
equal to any in the United States. After ma-
ny years of experience in his business, he has
discovered a new method of retaining the elas-
ticity in boots. He warrants to fit the leg be-
it ever so badly shaped. He makes boots of
various descriptions, viz. Suwarrows—Fair-
Tops, Three Quarters, Corsican Spring Toes,
Duck Bills, Round Toes, Bonaparte's Graves
Jefferson's Boots and Shoes. He warrants to
fit the Suwarrow equal to the tuck boots.
Gentlemen will please to call an-
themselves, at his shop in King-street, be-
tween Mr. Mott's and Mr. Hodgkin's tavern.
N. B. He intends selling cheap for cash.
January 5.

Trial of Col. Aaron Burr.

WESTCOTT & CO.

ELEVENTH STREET,
NEAR PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
WASHINGTON CITY.

INFORM the Public that they have en-
gaged THOMAS CARPENTER, one of the
most able and correct Stenographers in the
United States, to attend the circuit court, to
commence its session at Richmond the 22d
instant; and in case the said trial comes on,
to publish as speedily as possible a complete
and full account thereof, accompanied by all
the documents relative to this all important
case.

The Enquirer, and Argus, of Rich-
mond, and the American, of Baltimore, will
please to publish this advertisement in their
respective papers, three times immediately
on receipt thereof, and charge the same to
the Editor of the Expositor.

N. B. The copy right will be secured.
May 19.

TICKETS.

In the Muskingum Bridge Lottery,
Highest Prize 10,000 Dollars.

For sale at R. Gray's Book-store;
Where a scheme of the Lottery may be
seen.
May 20.

TO RENT,

And immediate possession given,
THAT commodious two story FRAME
HOUSE, on the lower end of Water-
street, 32 feet front, with two wings 16 feet
each, with smoke house, dairy and stable;
and fine garden—Also, the use of a large
vacant lot well calculated for a garden. For
further particulars enquire of

T. Sanford,

T. Preston.

May 5.

col2a

Bottled Porter, Ale and Cider.

THE subscriber offers for Sale, at his Cel-
lar, next door to Mr. Smith's china
store, King-street, the following bottled LI-
QUORS, warranted of the best quality—Or-
ders, for home or export consumption, will
be carefully attended to, as respects length of
voyage and climate, viz.

Albany PALE ALE, first quality.

Do. do. do. second do.

Philadelphia PALE ALE,

Do. PORTER.

Also, BEER & ALE, on draught.

Newark CIDER, rich and high flavored.

John Macleod.

M. B. About 40 BARRELS recently emp-
tied, suitable for fish.

May 7.

dlwett

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber in Au-
gust last, a negro woman named Tabb;
she is about 35 years of age, of the common
size, of a yellowish complexion, long face,
high cheek bones, and her eyes sunk in—she
understands every kind of house work, wash-
ing, nursing, &c. In the latter capacity she
has been passing herself in Alexandria, and
has said by my authority. There are various
circumstances which lead me to believe she
has been and is now secreted by her husband
Jerry (the property of Joseph Mandeville, ju-
nior). He is hired to his father John Mandev-
ville, as a laborer, and sometimes drives a
cart on the streets. Twenty Dollars will be
paid if taken in the district, and the above re-
ward if taken above 10 miles without, provi-
ded that she is so secured that I get her a-
gain.

All persons are cautioned against harboring
or employing said negro, in any capacity
whatever.

H. ROSE.

April 24.

[28.]

2aw

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, on King-street, has in
addition to his former stock, added

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in
the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms

Muscovado Sugars, of various qua-

lities.

Loaf and Lump ditto,

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Hyson-Skin, and

Souchong

Best green Coffee,

Chocolate, of a superior quality

Madira,

Busellos,

Sherry,

Lisbon,

Teneriffe,

Malaga, and

Genuine old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New
England Rum,

Holland Gin,

Irish and country Whisky,

Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,

Stoughton's Bitters,

Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento,
Cayenne and black pepper, rice and ground
ginger, basket salt for table use, pearl barley,
rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt and
spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, floutant
indigo, alum, copperas, madder, brimstone,
spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best en-
glish and country made gunpowder, segars
and smoking tobacco, very best chewing to-
bacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes
in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superior
quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper
demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every ar-
ticle in his line—the whole of which have been
selected with care, and will be disposed of on
the very lowest terms.

Just Received and for Sale, By the Subscribers.

A choice cargo of MAHOGANY,
From the Bay of Honduras, of different
lengths and sizes, which they will sell by the
log or larger quantity.

They have also for Sale,

Sugar in hogsheads
London particular Madeira Wine,
Catalonia ditto, by the quarter cask
Virginia Rum, of excellent quality
Molasses by the hogshead
Liverpool Stoved Salt
And Logwood.

Nathaniel Wattle & Co.

January 25

FOR SALE.

OAK HILL MILL,

And two valuable Leases.

SITUATED in the county of Fauquier,
on the great road leading from Ashby's
and Manassas's Gaps, in the Blue Ridge, to
Alexandria, Falmouth, and Fredericksburg.
The mill seat commands a fall of 24 feet
in a very constant stream, issuing immedi-
ately from the Cobler Mountain, and is im-
proved by a merchant mill fifty-five by forty-
five, three stories high, two of stone and one
of wood, containing two water wheels, six-
teen feet in diameter, one pair of burr and one
of Alleghany stones, with all necessary run-
ning gear and machinery, a perfect repair—
To the mill is attached a framed dwelling
house, 38 feet by 20 with two rooms,
below stairs and two above, an unfinished por-
tico behind, of the whole length of the house,
and a porch in front, two excellent springs ris-
ing within a few feet of the dwelling house,
and the mill supply both with water.

The leases are for two unexpired lives, con-
tain one hundred acres each, and lay adjacent
to each other, and to the mill lot. They have
on them houses for the reception of tenants,
twelve acres of improved timothy meadow,
and one hundred and forty acres of inclosed
land, adapted for Plaster of Paris and red
clover, and now in a state of high cultivation.
The terms of sale of the above property will
be made to suit the convenience of the pur-
chaser, to whom will be given an indisputable
title. For the terms of sale or a view of the
premises, application may be made to Robert
Hereford, Esq. residing thereupon, who is
fully authorized to dispose of the same—or to
the subscriber.

Charles Fenton Mercer.

Little River, Loudoun county,

Virginia, May 18.

P. S. If the above property is not sold by
the first of October, it will, after that period,
be rented out for one or more years.

C. F. M.

FRESH SEEDS.

NICHOLAS HINGSTON,

Respectfully informs the public, that he hath
removed from King street, to his old stand
in Fairfax street,

Where he hath for sale,

Red and white Clover, just receiv-
ed, Timothy seed, Orchard Grass, Lucern—
and will receive by first arrival from London,
a quantity of Burnet and Rye Grass.

Also on hand, a general assortment of Kit-
chen Garden and Flower seeds and roots, Mc-
dicinal and Bird seeds, Pot Herbs, &c. a quan-
tity of large Lombardy Poplars, young Lo-
cust and Peach trees, large Catalpas, and a
variety of flowering trees and shrubs. Also,
all kinds of Garden Utensils—best London
made Pruning Knives, Flower Pots, Chimney
Ornaments and Root Glasses, with a general
assortment of China, Glass and Queen's ware,
fresh Teas, and a good assortment of Groce-
ries.

March 5.

est.colw,lawt3dMy

Just Received,

And for Sale by ROBERT GRAY, Booksel-
ler, Kingstreet.

The New Week's Preparation

for a worthy receiving of the Lord's Supper.
Recommended to the devout in general, and
particularly to the members of the Protestant
Episcopal Churches of the United States of
America. Consisting of meditations and pray-
ers for the morning and evening of every day
in the week, with forms of examination and
confession of sins; and a companion at the al-
tar, directing the communicant in his behav-
ior and devotion at the Lord's table. Also, in-
structions how to live well, after receiving the
holy sacrament. To which is added, a morn-
ing and evening prayer for the closet or fami-
ly.

The Ready Reckoner, and Tradesman's
Infalible Guide, in dollars and cents, with a
variety of useful tables.

Murray's Grammar abridged; designed for
the younger classes of learners.

R. Gray expects to receive, in a few days,
Memoirs of Marmontel.

April 29.

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SAMUEL SNOWDEN